

May 2019 / No. 5

ATO doubles rental deduction audits

In the 2017-18 financial year, more than 2.2 million Australians claimed over \$47 billion in deductions and the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) thinks that is too much - one in ten is estimated to contain errors.

A dividend is a shareholder's share of a company's earnings (profits). When a dividend is paid from an Australian company's after-tax profits, these are known as franked dividends and include a franking credit (imputation credit), which represents the amount of tax already paid by the company on the underlying profits that are being paid out in the form of a dividend.

4,500 audits of rental property deductions will be undertaken this year with the focus on over-claimed interest, capital works claimed as repairs, incorrect apportionment of expenses for holiday homes let out to others, and omitted income from accommodation sharing. Deliberate cases of over-claiming are treated harshly with penalties of up to 75% of the claim.

In one case exposed by the ATO, a taxpayer had to pay back \$12,000 in claims for deductions against a holiday home that was not genuinely available for rent and was blocked out during the holiday season. In another, a taxpayer paid back \$5,500 because they had not apportioned their rental interest deduction to account for redraws on their investment loan to pay for living expenses.